

### Binomial Theorem

$$(x + y)^2 = x^2 + 2xy + y^2$$

$$(x + y)^3 = x^3 + 3x^2y + 3xy^2 + y^3$$

$$(x + y)^4 = x^4 + 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 + 4xy^3 + y^4$$

$$(x + y)^n = x^n + nx^{n-1}y + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^{n-2}y^2 + \dots + nxy^{n-1} + y^n$$

$$(x - y)^n = x^n - nx^{n-1}y + \frac{n(n-1)}{2!}x^{n-2}y^2 - \dots \pm nxy^{n-1} \mp y^n$$

$$(x - y)^2 = x^2 - 2xy + y^2$$

$$(x - y)^3 = x^3 - 3x^2y + 3xy^2 - y^3$$

$$(x - y)^4 = x^4 - 4x^3y + 6x^2y^2 - 4xy^3 + y^4$$

$$(x + y)^n = \binom{n}{n}x^n + \binom{n}{n-1}x^{n-1}y + \binom{n}{n-2}x^{n-2}y^2 + \dots + \binom{n}{1}xy^{n-1} + \binom{n}{0}y^n$$

Pascal's Triangle:  
 $\binom{n}{k}$



